



*Judges' Retirement
System of Illinois*

**Your
Rights & Responsibilities**

**M E M B E R
H A N D B O O K**

TIER 2

*For judges who became
members on or after
January 1, 2011*

OCTOBER 1, 2024

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GENERAL INFORMATION

This handbook, which is provided by the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois (JRS), presents you with a general overview of your JRS benefits in nontechnical language. It includes explanations of JRS eligibility requirements, pension contributions, and optional service credit, as well as other information about your JRS benefits. These benefits, when combined with other sources of income, are designed to provide you with financial security in retirement and during periods of disability.

JRS is primarily governed by various provisions in the Illinois Pension Code, including especially Articles 1, 18, and 20. These portions of the Code and the administrative rules and Board policies adopted pursuant to these portions of the Code comprise the “plan document.” The statutory provisions referenced above are codified at 40 ILCS 5/Arts. 1, 18, and 20, and the Board’s administrative rules are set out at 80 Ill. Adm. Code 1750. If there is any conflict, discrepancy, or inconsistency between this handbook and the plan document, the plan document controls.

The information in this handbook applies to all active judges who first became members of JRS after December 31, 2010. Read this handbook carefully, keep a copy for future reference, and make sure your loved ones are familiar with the handbook and know where it and your other important papers are located.

This handbook is intended to serve as a supplement to your Annual Benefit Statement, which includes personal benefit information pertaining specifically to you. It is being provided for general informational purposes only and is not intended to and does not implement, apply, interpret, or prescribe any law or policy. If you have questions about the information in this handbook, please contact us by e-mail at jrs@srs.illinois.gov or by phone at one of the phone numbers listed on page 2. However, please note that JRS staff cannot provide legal, financial, or tax advice of any kind.

JRS ADDRESSES & PHONE NUMBERS

*Office Hours:
8 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.*

*Email:
jrs@srs.illinois.gov*

*Website:
srs.illinois.gov*

*You can access your
current account
information using our
secure and easy to
use Member Services
website.*

SPRINGFIELD

2101 South Veterans Parkway
P. O. Box 19255
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9255
217-782-8500 Fax: 217-524-9039

TDD/TTY

A Telecommunications Device for the Deaf (TDD/TTY) is available for members and annuitants who are hearing or speech-impaired. If you have a TDD device, you may access this service at 866-321-7625.

INTERNET

JRS is online at ***srs.illinois.gov***. Our website provides an overview of retirement and death benefits, and gives you easy access to a variety of information: current retirement issues, how to contact us, answers to frequently asked questions, educational opportunities, the JRS annual financial report and a link to other state agencies.

JRS MEMBERSHIP

Membership in the Judges' Retirement System of Illinois is comprised of judges and associate judges of any court and the Director of the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts, if the Director had previously established membership in JRS as a judge.

ELIGIBILITY

You automatically become a member of JRS unless you file an election with JRS not to participate. Your written decision declining participation must be filed within 30 days from the date of being notified of the option.

If you choose not to participate in JRS, you are subject to mandatory Social Security coverage unless contributing a minimum of 7.5% of your judicial salary to the Illinois Deferred Compensation Plan.

BENEFIT CLAIMS

In order to receive any benefit, you or your survivors must apply for it. All benefit claims should be made to the Judges' Retirement System. A copy of your birth certificate and membership record are required for all benefits. All JRS records are maintained according to your Social Security number or Member ID.

After you begin receiving benefits, you should notify JRS if you change your name, address, federal withholding, direct deposit, group insurance or beneficiary(ies) for the lump-sum death benefit.

All benefit claims and appeals are reviewed by the JRS Board of Trustees.

If your claim is denied or you question the payment of any benefit, you or your representative may file a written appeal or request a hearing before the Board of Trustees.

MAILING ADDRESS

JRS maintains a mailing address for each member. This address is taken from your payroll record and is maintained by the Office of the Comptroller. You must report any change of address directly to the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts. If you terminate employment, advise JRS of any change of address.

ANNUAL BENEFIT STATEMENTS

Your annual JRS benefit statement is published to your SRS Member Services account in August for the preceding fiscal year ending June 30. This statement includes information on your contributions, credited service, reciprocal service, retirement, disability, death benefits and beneficiaries. You can view your annual statement by signing up for an SRS Member Services account at srs.illinois.gov.

CONTRIBUTIONS

As a Tier 2 active judge, you contribute a percentage of your salary by payroll deduction for benefits (see chart to right). You will pay contributions to JRS until your earnings reach that year's annual salary maximum used for benefit computations, as provided by the Illinois Department of Insurance.

Retirement Annuity	7.5%
Automatic Annuity Increase	1.0%
Survivor's Annuity	2.5%
TOTAL	11.0%

If you are single at the time you become a judge and do not wish to contribute to the survivor's annuity, your contributions will be reduced to 8.5% once you return a completed Election Not to Participate in the Survivor's Annuity Provisions – Unmarried Judges form. If you later become married while an active judge, you must notify JRS.

JRS will give you options to either:

1. Establish a full survivor benefit from the date you first became a judge by making contributions to cover the survivor annuity for the period you were unmarried plus 3% interest, or
2. Begin contributing from the date of your marriage forward to provide a pro-rated benefit for your surviving spouse.

Contributions have been excluded from your gross income for federal and state income tax purposes. You pay no tax on your contributions until you receive them. See page 20 for information on "Tax Treatment of JRS Benefits."

If you are married, or marry while an active judge, you may file an “Irrevocable Election Not to Participate in the Survivor’s Annuity Provisions.” Your form declining participation is irrevocable and must be filed within 30 days of notifying JRS of your marital status. No survivor annuity will be payable upon your death. Contributions to the survivor’s annuity are only required for a spouse to qualify for the survivor annuity benefit, and are not required for an eligible child to qualify for the child’s annuity.

IF YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS WERE REFUNDED

A JRS member who terminates service as a judge may apply for a refund of contributions without interest if they are not immediately eligible to receive a retirement annuity.

If you are divorced or widowed, you are eligible to apply for a refund of your survivor contributions. You must apply in order to receive this refund.

If you terminated judicial service, received a refund of your contributions, and later returned to judicial service, you may reestablish your credited service by repaying your refund, plus 4% interest per annum compounded annually. Contributions must be repaid before retirement in order for your service to be credited.

Service credit starts with the first day you become a contributing member. Your service during any fraction of a month is considered a full month of service.

TAX-DEFERRING OPTIONAL SERVICE PURCHASES

JRS allows you to tax-defer optional service credit purchases (i.e. military service, refunded service, etc.) through payroll deduction. The tax-deferred withholding is an irrevocable payroll agreement for the total service credit purchase. Service credit is granted only after a refund repayment or service purchase is paid in full.

ROLLOVERS

You may rollover money from another qualified pension plan or an individual retirement account (IRA) to purchase optional service credit. You can transfer money while still employed from your deferred compensation account (457(b)) or tax-sheltered annuity (403(b)) to purchase service credit or repay a refund. To do so, you must obtain and complete a Transfer/Rollover Certification form from JRS.



SERVICE UNDER OTHER ILLINOIS PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

If you have established at least one year of credited service under an Illinois public retirement system that participates in the Retirement Systems' Reciprocal Act, your service under that system may be used when determining eligibility for a JRS benefit.

In general, the rules of each retirement system apply in determining a benefit. The benefit amount is based on the benefit formula and amount of service in each system on your last day of service, and is paid to you by each system. Annual benefit increases are made in accordance with each system's statutes.

Under the Reciprocal Act, JRS calculates benefits using an eight-year average salary subject to the annual salary maximums for judges whose membership date is after December 31, 2010. The reciprocal system involved calculates their share of the benefit based upon their formula.

The reciprocal system’s formula may require an average salary to calculate their share of the benefit. JRS will provide the reciprocal system with the annual salary maximums (as determined by the Department of Insurance) to be used in the computation of benefits.

As a Tier 2 judge, your JRS share of the benefit is based on the Tier 2 formula described on the following page. You cannot be grandfathered into the Tier 1 formula based on service in a reciprocal system prior to January 1, 2011.

However, your total benefits cannot be higher than it would have been if all service were in one system. If service credit under JRS is granted by a reciprocal system for the same period of time, each system will reduce its credit proportionately.

***A complete listing
of the Illinois
retirement systems
that participate in the
Retirement Systems’
Reciprocal Act is
located on pages
25-26.***

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

ELIGIBILITY

You may retire:

- At age 62 with eight years of credited service but with a reduction of 1/2 of 1% for each month under age 67. If you take a reduced benefit, it remains in effect throughout your retirement.
- At age 67 with eight years of credited service.

Tier 2 benefits are based on the final average salary of the 96 highest consecutive months of service out of the last 10 years, using each calendar year's annual salary maximum (as determined by the Department of Insurance) and your total credited service. This benefit is paid for your lifetime. The maximum retirement benefit is 60% of your final average salary.

You must submit a retirement application and include a copy of your birth certificate in order to receive benefits. If you elect to retire under the Reciprocal Act, it is your responsibility to file an application with each system involved.

Contact JRS approximately 90 days before your retirement date. Your pension becomes effective on the first day following your withdrawal from service.

This table displays the percentage of salary that JRS members with 8 to 20 years of JRS service credit will receive at age 67.

Years of service	Percent of salary
8	24%
9	27
10	30
11	33
12	36
13	39
14	42
15	45
16	48
17	51
18	54
19	57
20	60

Example: A member is age 67, has 20 years of credited service, and an eight year average of the annual salary maximum of \$113,550.53.

$60\% \times \$113,550.53 = \$68,130.32$ annually or \$5,677.53 per month.

This member’s reduced retirement benefit with 20 years of service at age 62 is \$47,691.22 annually or \$3,974.27 per month because of the 1/2 of 1% reduction.

***Reciprocal service
can be used
to determine a
member's eligibility
to limit contributions
for the maximum
retirement benefit.***

LIMITING CONTRIBUTIONS

If you are age 67 and qualify for the maximum retirement annuity, you can elect to limit contributions. You would no longer pay full contributions to JRS. Instead, you would only make contributions based on future increases to the Tier 2 annual salary.

Limiting your contributions is irrevocable. Pension benefits are based on the highest eight years out of the last 10 in which the salary used to calculate benefits cannot exceed the annual salary maximum for that calendar year.

Contact JRS if reciprocal service allows you to reach maximum benefit and before accepting an independent benefit from a reciprocal system.

ANNUAL PENSION INCREASES

Annual increases to your pension begin the January 1 following your attainment of age 67 or the January 1 following the first full year of retirement, whichever is later. The annual increase is the lesser of: 3% or the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index-U. Annual increases are compounded on the previous year's annuity. Pension increases are not limited by the maximum retirement benefit.

RETURNING TO EMPLOYMENT

As a Tier 2 retiree, your JRS benefit will be suspended if you become employed on a full-time basis in JRS or any reciprocal system.

Your JRS benefit will continue if you:

- Accept private employment.
- Work for the state in any temporary position, except judge, for 75 days or less per calendar year.

IF YOU ARE RECALLED

If you are recalled as a Tier 2 judge, your retirement annuity will be suspended. At the end of your recall, you will be required to submit a retirement application to JRS. JRS will recalculate your benefit based on your additional judicial service. Your pension benefit will be reinstated the day following your removal from the bench.



If you retired with the maximum annuity and are at least 67 years of age, upon returning to retirement, you will be given the 3% increase or the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index-U, whichever is less, for any January during your recall service.

QUALIFIED ILLINOIS DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDER

A QILDRO allows for the division of a retirement benefit, lump sum death benefit, or a refund of contributions due to divorce. It does not establish a new benefit, nor does it create a new member or beneficiary.

Generally, the QILDRO orders the payment of a benefit to the spouse as the alternate payee. It may also be payable to a child or other dependent as the alternate payee.

A member may not choose a benefit type that would diminish the alternate payee's benefit without written consent from the alternate payee. The QILDRO is usually issued at the time of divorce and sent to the member's retirement system. It is recorded and retained until the member applies for a refund, retirement benefit or dies.

A member who begins employment with an Illinois public retirement system after July 1, 1999 accepts the QILDRO as a condition of employment. QILDRO information and forms may be downloaded from our website at ***srs.illinois.gov***.

DISABILITY BENEFITS

If you become disabled and unable to perform the duties of your position, you may receive disability benefits which partially replace your working income.

Your temporary disability benefit equals 50% of that calendar year's annual salary maximum as determined by the Department of Insurance. The benefit begins on the day following your removal from the payroll.

TEMPORARY TOTAL DISABILITY BENEFITS

To qualify for this benefit, you must have at least two years of service as a judge, and your disability must occur while you are a judge. The Board of Trustees must determine that you are totally disabled and temporarily unable to perform the duties of a judge. You cannot be engaged in any form of gainful occupation during the disability. While you are receiving temporary total disability benefits, your JRS account is credited with service as if you remained on the bench through the end of your current term.

The disability benefit is reduced by any amounts received under the Workers' Compensation Act or Occupational Diseases Act.

APPLYING FOR AND RECEIVING TEMPORARY DISABILITY BENEFITS

You must apply to receive a disability benefit and include a copy of your birth certificate. The application process requires you to obtain two physician's reports certifying that you are unable to perform the duties of your position and also requires you to sign a JRS medical release form.

DEATH BENEFITS

If you elected not to participate in the survivor's annuity provisions, no survivor's benefit will be payable to an eligible spouse upon your death.

DEATH BEFORE RETIREMENT

If you die while serving as a judge and have at least 18 months of service credit, your survivors will be eligible for a monthly survivor's annuity benefit.

If you die after termination of service, but before receiving a retirement annuity, you must have at least 10 years of service credit for your survivors to qualify for the survivor's benefit.

If you die with no qualified survivors prior to retirement or while receiving a temporary disability benefit, your named beneficiary or estate will receive your JRS contributions.

Your eligible survivors, beneficiaries, or estate may qualify for death benefits.

DEATH AFTER RETIREMENT

If you die with no qualified survivors while receiving retirement benefits, your named beneficiary or estate will receive your total JRS contributions, less any benefits paid.

ELIGIBLE SURVIVORS

Your Surviving Spouse

If you are survived by your spouse age 50 or over, and you were married for at least one year prior to your death, (s)he will receive a survivor's benefit.

A surviving spouse under age 50 can receive a survivor's benefit if (s)he supports your unmarried children under age 18 (22 if full-time student), or a disabled child over age 18.

This benefit is payable until the last child reaches age 18 (22 if full-time student), marries, dies or is no longer disabled. At that point, the benefit is suspended until (s)he reaches age 50. Remarriage is permitted without loss of benefits.

Eligible Children

Unmarried children under age 18 (22 if full-time student), or a disabled child over age 18, may be eligible to receive a child’s annuity. Your child may apply for the child’s annuity even if you did not contribute to the survivor’s annuity benefit. The child’s annuity is equal to 5% of your last annual salary, subject to the Tier 2 annual salary maximum (as determined by the Department of Insurance). If multiple children survive, the total benefit may be subject to limitation and cannot exceed the greater of: 20% of your last annual salary (Tier 2 annual salary maximum) or 66 2/3% of the annuity received or earned by you.

ANNUAL SURVIVOR INCREASE

The survivor benefit is increased by 3% or the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index-U, whichever is less, each January 1 following the first full year of receiving this benefit. The increase is compounded based on the previous year’s survivor benefit. If the deceased member was an annuitant, the increase is effective on January 1 after the benefit began. The survivor’s increase is not payable prior to age 67.

Disabled adult children who receive a child’s annuity will become eligible for an increase equal to the lesser of: 3% or the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index-U as determined by the Public Pension Division of the Illinois Department of Insurance. The increase will become payable on the January 1 following the first anniversary of receiving the benefit, but in no event prior to age 67.

AMOUNT OF SPOUSE AND CHILD ANNUITY		
	Death in service	Death after termination or retirement
Your spouse	66 2/3% of earned retirement annuity	66 2/3% of earned retirement annuity plus any awarded annual increases
Your eligible children	5% of Tier 2 annual salary maximum for each eligible child, but the combined benefits for all eligible children shall be limited to 20% of last annual salary maximum or 66 2/3% of the earned retirement annuity, whichever is greater.	5% of Tier 2 annual salary maximum for each eligible child, but the combined benefits for all eligible children shall be limited to 20% of last annual salary maximum or 66 2/3% of the earned retirement annuity, whichever is greater.

If you leave judicial service, you may withdraw your JRS contributions or rollover your contributions to another qualified plan or IRA. If you are immediately eligible for retirement, you are not eligible for a refund of contributions.

IF YOU HAVE YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS REFUNDED

- You will receive no interest on your contributions.
- You will forfeit all rights to a JRS benefit for yourself and your beneficiaries.
- You may be subject to additional tax withholding and penalties.



IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS AND LATER RETURN TO JUDICIAL SERVICE

If you return to judicial service, you will be eligible to repay your refunded contributions plus 4% interest per annum compounded annually from the date of the refund to the date of repayment. Payments may be made in a lump sum, via a rollover from a qualified plan, or by installments on a pre-tax or post-tax basis.

If you become a participant in another reciprocal retirement system, you must establish two years of credited service before you will be eligible to repay your JRS refund. Service earned in any system covered under the Retirement Systems' Reciprocal Act (listed on pages 25 and 26) can be used to meet this requirement.

TAX TREATMENT

In general, you will not be taxed on your contributions until you receive benefits.

Your contributions are not included in your gross income and therefore are not immediately taxable.

WHEN BENEFITS OR REFUNDS ARE PAID TO YOU

- You pay no Illinois state income tax.
- You pay federal tax on your JRS benefits.
- All benefits and refunds must be declared as income in the year they are received.
- Specific tax information will be furnished in your first payment letter when your benefit is processed.
- You may postpone taxation of refunds by transferring (direct rollover) the taxable portion to another qualified plan or individual retirement account (IRA) that accepts it.



The best tax treatment for you depends on your individual financial situation.

JRS advises all members to consult with a qualified tax professional or financial planner before receiving benefits or refunds.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the operation of JRS. The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and three participating judges.

PLAN DOCUMENT

This handbook describes the benefits of JRS in non-technical language. Some features, particularly those that apply to very few members, are not included.

The official document describing JRS benefits is the Illinois Compiled Statutes, 40 ILCS 5/18, which legally governs the operation of the plan. If there is any variance between this handbook and the plan document, the plan document rules.

JRS is a defined benefit plan, which uses a formula factor, service credit and final average salary to determine your retirement benefit.

PLAN YEAR

For record-keeping purposes, the plan year is July 1 through June 30.

ADMINISTRATION

JRS is administered by the board-appointed Secretary.

JRS FUNDING

Contributions are made by the State and JRS members. All contributions not required for current operations are invested by the Illinois State Board of Investment for the exclusive benefit of our members and their beneficiaries.

***The JRS annual
financial report is on
our website at:***

***srs.illinois.gov/
Judges/annreports_
jrs.htm.***

To safeguard the proper operation and funding of this pension fund, operations are monitored both internally and externally. JRS' financial and administrative activities are subject to an annual audit by an independent accounting firm under the direction of the state's Auditor General.

Proper funding includes an actuarial review of the fund balances to ensure that funds will be available for current and future benefit payments.

EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The employer identification number is 37-1254630.

LEGAL PROCESS

Legal process may be served on the Secretary.

EMPLOYMENT RIGHTS

Membership in JRS does not guarantee continued public employment, nor does it guarantee a right or claim to any benefit not accrued under the terms of the plan document.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Annual Benefit Statement: The annual benefit statement summarizes the member's personal account and benefits. Participants can view their annual statement by signing up for an SRS Member Services account at srs.illinois.gov.

Annual Salary Maximum: The Public Pension Division of the Illinois Department of Insurance annually determines the annual salary maximum used for Tier 2 participant benefit calculations. The increase to the annual salary maximum is the lesser of: 3% or the unadjusted change in the CPI-U over the last 12 months, as derived by the U.S. Department of Labor. The CPI-U measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers.

Annuity: Recurring monthly payment payable for the member or eligible survivor's lifetime.

Automatic Increase in Retirement Annuity:

If you retire at age 67 or older, you will receive a compounded pension increase of 3% or the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Consumers (CPI-U), whichever is less, on January 1 following your first full year of retirement.

If you retire prior to age 67, you will receive a compounded pension increase of 3% or the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Consumers (CPI-U), whichever is less, every year on the January 1 after you turn age 67 and have been retired at least one full year.

The active statement summarizes the member's account and benefits, which includes service credit, projected and accrued pension benefits and lists the member's beneficiaries.

The inactive statements include service credit and lists the member's beneficiaries.

Board of Trustees: The Board of Trustees is responsible for the operation of JRS. The Board consists of the State Treasurer, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and three participating judges.

Child’s Annuity: Eligible children may apply to receive a child annuity in the amount of 5% of the decedents last salary. The combined benefits for all eligible children shall be limited to 20% of salary or 66 2/3% of the earned retirement annuity, whichever is greater. Child annuity benefits for a Tier 2 member are based on the decedents last annual salary, subject to the Tier 2 annual salary maximum.

Defined Benefit Plan: Provides a monthly annuity benefit amount based on the statutory formula that considers the member’s service credit and final average salary.

Final Average Salary: For retirement and survivor benefits – Final average salary is the average of the highest 96 consecutive months of service over the last 120 months, using the annual salary maximum as determined by the Department of Insurance each calendar year.

Panel: The Panel is an online newsletter for JRS members and contains timely and pertinent information. The Panel is published on the System’s website, srs.illinois.gov, in January for retirees and in August for active members.

Qualified Plan: A retirement plan, such as JRS, that is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code allowing its members to contribute on a pre-tax basis and receive future taxable retirement benefits.

Reciprocal Retirement Systems: There are thirteen Illinois public retirement systems participating in the Retirement Systems’ Reciprocal Act.

Reciprocity: A member who has at least one year of credited service under another Illinois public retirement system, may use their service under that system to determine eligibility for a JRS benefit. Additionally, the earnings credited as a judge shall be used to calculate the member’s retirement annuity under the other reciprocal system(s).

Retirement Systems’ Reciprocal Act: Provides continuity of pension credits for individuals who have participated in more than one Illinois public employee retirement system. There are currently thirteen retirement systems participating in the Retirement Systems’ Reciprocal Act.

Rollovers: Postponing taxation of distributions by transferring the payment to another qualified plan or an individual retirement account.

Service: The total credited service certified to a member’s record.

Survivor’s Annuity: A monthly annuity benefit payable to an eligible spouse upon the death of the member.

Tax-Sheltered/Tax-Deferred: Contributions made by a member that are not taxed until a benefit is paid.

Tier 2: A member of the Judges’ Retirement System who first became a judge on or after January 1, 2011.

ILLINOIS RECIPROCAL SYSTEMS

Chicago Teachers' Pension Fund

425 S. Financial Place, Suite 1400
Chicago, IL 60605
312-641-4464 Fax 312-641-7185
ctpf.org

County Employees' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Cook County

70 W. Madison St.
Suite 1925
Chicago, IL 60602-3103
312-603-1200 Fax 312-603-9760
cookcountypension.com

Forest Preserve District Employees' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Cook County

70 W. Madison St.
Suite 1925
Chicago, IL 60602-3103
312-603-1200 Fax 312-603-9760
cookcountypension.com

General Assembly Retirement System

2101 South Veterans Parkway
P. O. Box 19255
Springfield, IL 62794-9255
217-782-8500 Fax 217-524-9039
srs.illinois.gov

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

2211 S. York Road
Suite 500
Oak Brook, IL 60523-2337
800-ASK-IMRF (800-275-4673)
Fax 630-706-4289
imrf.org

Laborers' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Chicago

321 North Clark Street,
Suite 1300
Chicago, IL 60654-4739
312-236-2065 Fax 312-236-0574
labfchicago.org

Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Retirement Fund

111 East Erie, Suite 330
Chicago, IL 60611-2898
312-751-3222 Fax 312-751-5699
mwrdrf.org

Municipal Employees' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Chicago

321 North Clark Street,
Suite 700
Chicago, IL 60654-4767
312-236-4700 Fax 312-527-0192
meabf.org

Park Employees' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Chicago

55 East Monroe
Suite 2720
Chicago, IL 60603
312-553-9265 Fax 312-553-9114
chicagoparkpension.org

State Employees' Retirement System

2101 South Veterans Parkway
P. O. Box 19255
Springfield, IL 62794-9255
217-785-7444 Fax 217-524-2293
srs.illinois.gov

Chicago Office: 312-814-5853
Fax: 312-814-5805

State Universities Retirement System

1901 Fox Drive
P. O. Box 2710
Champaign, IL 61825-2710
800-275-7877 Fax 217-378-9800
surs.org

Teachers' Retirement System

2815 West Washington Street
P. O. Box 19253
Springfield, IL 62794-9253
877-927-5877 Fax 217-753-0394
trsil.org

JRS Mission Statement

To establish an efficient method of permitting retirement, without hardship or prejudice, of judges who are aged or otherwise incapacitated, by enabling them to accumulate reserves for themselves and their dependents for old age, disability, death and termination of employment.

Judges' Retirement System of Illinois
2101 South Veterans Parkway
P. O. Box 19255
Springfield, IL 62794-9255
217-782-8500